

Brighthouse Financial, Inc.

Fourth Quarter and Full Year 2022 Earnings Call Presentation



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Note regarding forward-looking statements

This presentation and other oral or written statements that we make from time to time may contain information that includes or is based upon forward-looking statements within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. Such forward-looking statements involve substantial risks and uncertainties. We have tried, wherever possible, to identify such statements using words such as “anticipate,” “estimate,” “expect,” “project,” “may,” “will,” “could,” “intend,” “goal,” “target,” “guidance,” “forecast,” “preliminary,” “objective,” “continue,” “aim,” “plan,” “believe” and other words and terms of similar meaning, or that are tied to future periods, in connection with a discussion of future operating or financial performance. In particular, these include, without limitation, statements relating to future actions, prospective services or products, financial projections, future performance or results of current and anticipated services or products, sales efforts, expenses, the outcome of contingencies such as legal proceedings, as well as trends in operating and financial results.

Any or all forward-looking statements may turn out to be wrong. They can be affected by inaccurate assumptions or by known or unknown risks and uncertainties. Many such factors will be important in determining the actual future results of Brighthouse Financial. These statements are based on current expectations and the current economic environment and involve a number of risks and uncertainties that are difficult to predict. These statements are not guarantees of future performance. Actual results could differ materially from those expressed or implied in the forward-looking statements due to a variety of known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors. Although it is not possible to identify all of these risks and factors, they include, among others: differences between actual experience and actuarial assumptions and the effectiveness of our actuarial models; higher risk management costs and exposure to increased market risk due to guarantees within certain of our products; the effectiveness of our variable annuity exposure risk management strategy and the impact of such strategy on volatility in our profitability measures and negative effects on our statutory capital; material differences from actual outcomes compared to the sensitivities calculated under certain scenarios and sensitivities that we may utilize in connection with our variable annuity risk management strategies; the impact of interest rates on our future ULSSG policyholder obligations and net income volatility; the impact of the ongoing COVID-19 pandemic; the potential material adverse effect of changes in accounting standards, practices or policies applicable to us, including changes in the accounting for long-duration contracts; loss of business and other negative impacts resulting from a downgrade or a potential downgrade in our financial strength or credit ratings; the availability of reinsurance and the ability of the counterparties to our reinsurance or indemnification arrangements to perform their obligations thereunder; heightened competition, including with respect to service, product features, scale, price, actual or perceived financial strength, claims-paying ratings, credit ratings, e-business capabilities and name recognition; our ability to market and distribute our products through distribution channels; any failure of third parties to provide services we need, any failure of the practices and procedures of such third parties and any inability to obtain information or assistance we need from third parties; the ability of our subsidiaries to pay dividends to us, and our ability to pay dividends to our shareholders and repurchase our common stock; the risks associated with climate change; the adverse impact on liabilities for policyholder claims as a result of extreme mortality events; the impact of adverse capital and credit market conditions, including with respect to our ability to meet liquidity needs and access capital; the impact of economic conditions in the capital markets and the U.S. and global economy, as well as geo-political events, military actions or catastrophic events, on our investment portfolio, including on realized and unrealized losses and impairments, net investment spread and net investment income; the impact of events that adversely affect issuers, guarantors or collateral relating to our investments or our derivatives counterparties, on impairments, valuation allowances, reserves, net investment income and changes in unrealized gain or loss positions; the impact of changes in regulation and in supervisory and enforcement policies on our insurance business or other operations; the potential material negative tax impact of potential future tax legislation that could make some of our products less attractive to consumers; the effectiveness of our policies and procedures in managing risk; the loss or disclosure of confidential information, damage to our reputation and impairment of our ability to conduct business effectively as a result of any failure in cyber- or other information security systems; whether all or any portion of the tax consequences of our separation from MetLife, Inc. (“MetLife”) are not as expected, leading to material additional taxes or material adverse consequences to tax attributes that impact us; the uncertainty of the outcome of any disputes with MetLife over tax-related or other matters and agreements or disagreements regarding MetLife’s or our obligations under our other agreements; and other factors described from time to time in documents that we file with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission (the “SEC”).

For the reasons described above, we caution you against relying on any forward-looking statements, which should also be read in conjunction with the other cautionary statements included and the risks, uncertainties and other factors identified in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2021, particularly in the sections entitled “Risk Factors” and “Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk,” as well as in our other subsequent filings with the SEC. Further, any forward-looking statement speaks only as of the date on which it is made, and we undertake no obligation to update or revise any forward-looking statement to reflect events or circumstances after the date on which the statement is made or to reflect the occurrence of unanticipated events, except as otherwise may be required by law.

Non-GAAP financial information

This presentation also contains measures that are not calculated based on accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, also known as “GAAP.” Additional information regarding our use of non-GAAP financial information is included in the Appendix to these slides.

Executive summary

Financial results and drivers

- Estimated combined risk-based capital (RBC) ratio⁽¹⁾ of approximately 440%; holding company liquid assets of \$1.0 billion
- Statutory combined total adjusted capital (TAC)⁽¹⁾ of \$8.1 billion
- Full year 2022 normalized statutory earnings⁽¹⁾ of \$1.0 billion
- Fourth quarter 2022 adjusted earnings, less notable items,⁽²⁾ of \$245 million:
 - Net investment income \$86 million below quarterly expectation, post-tax, driven by negative 0.2% alternative investment yield⁽³⁾ in the quarter
 - Actuarial adjustments resulted in \$46 million above quarterly expectation, post-tax, primarily driven by higher equity markets in the quarter

Common stock repurchases

- The company repurchased \$93 million of common stock in 4Q 2022; \$488 million repurchased in the full year, and reduced shares outstanding relative to year-end 2021 by 12%
- Repurchased additional \$27 million, on a trade date basis, year-to-date through February 7, 2023
- Recent repurchase amounts reflect cautious view of uncertain market and economic environment

Robust capital and liquidity position

Capital position as of December 31, 2022

- Estimated combined RBC ratio⁽¹⁾ of approximately 440%
- TAC⁽¹⁾ of \$8.1 billion
- \$38 million ordinary dividend paid in 4Q 2022 from New England Life Insurance Company

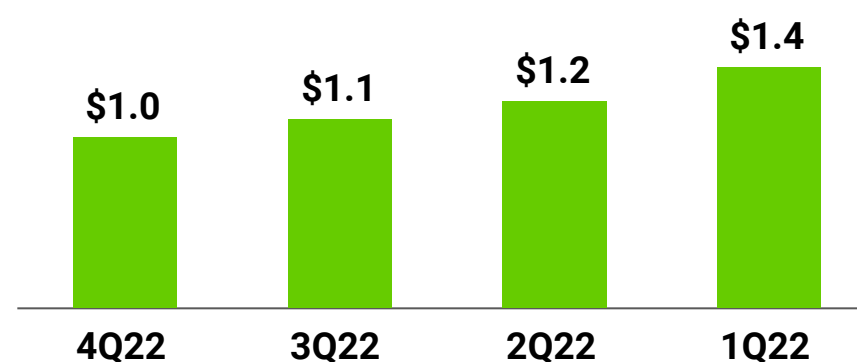
Common stock repurchases

(\$ in millions)



Holding company liquid assets

(\$ in billions)



Net income (loss) available to shareholders; adjusted earnings; adjusted earnings, less notable items

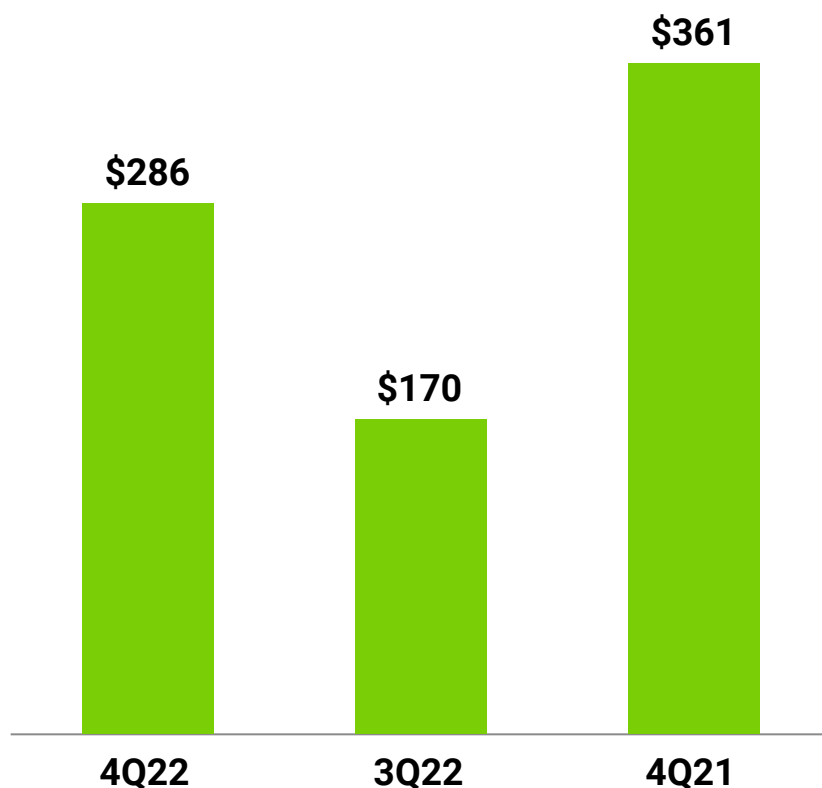
(\$ in millions, except per share)	For the Three Months Ended					
	December 31, 2022		September 30, 2022		December 31, 2021	
	Total	Per share ⁽¹⁾	Total	Per share ⁽¹⁾	Total	Per share ⁽¹⁾
Net income (loss) available to shareholders	\$ (967)	\$ (14.01)	\$ (702)	\$ (9.82)	\$ 42	\$ 0.51
Adjusted earnings ⁽²⁾	\$ 242	\$ 3.46	\$ 97	\$ 1.35	\$ 323	\$ 4.02
Notable items ⁽³⁾ (\$ in millions, except per share)						
Actuarial items and other insurance adjustments	\$ 39	\$ 0.56	\$ (117)	\$ (1.63)	\$ 13	\$ 0.16
Establishment costs	\$ 15	\$ 0.21	\$ 17	\$ 0.24	\$ 21	\$ 0.26
Debt repayment costs	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 59	\$ 0.74
Prior year tax matters	\$ (51)	\$ (0.73)	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —
Adjusted earnings, less notable items ⁽²⁾	\$ 245	\$ 3.51	\$ (3)	\$ (0.04)	\$ 416	\$ 5.18

(1) Per share calculations are on a diluted basis and may not recalculate or foot due to rounding. For loss periods, dilutive shares were not included in the calculation as inclusion of such shares would have an anti-dilutive effect; (2) See the Appendix for non-GAAP financial information, definitions, and reconciliations; (3) Notable items reflect the negative (positive) after-tax impact to adjusted earnings of certain unanticipated items and events, as well as certain items and events that were anticipated, such as establishment costs. The presentation of notable items is intended to help investors better understand our results and to evaluate and forecast those results.

Annuities

Adjusted earnings, less notable items⁽¹⁾

(\$ in millions)



Highlights

- 36% increase in sales versus 4Q 2021
- On a quarter-over-quarter basis, results reflect:
 - Lower fees
 - Partially offset by lower expenses
- Sequential results reflect:
 - Lower reserves, lower deferred acquisition costs ("DAC") amortization, and higher net investment income
 - Partially offset by lower fees and higher expenses

Key metrics

For the Three Months Ended

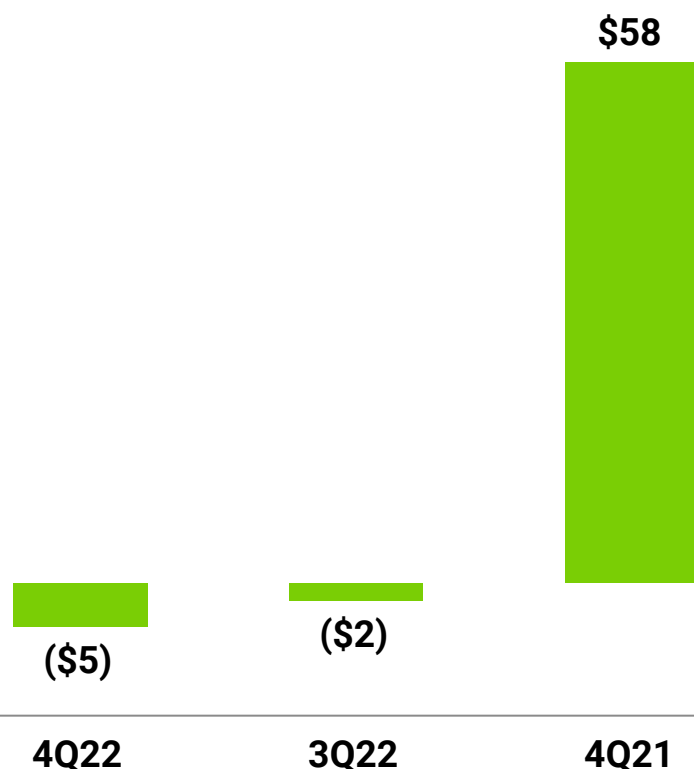
(\$ in millions)	December 31, 2022	September 30, 2022	December 31, 2021
Sales	\$3,211	\$3,721	\$2,359
Net flows⁽²⁾	\$(53)	\$970	\$(1,135)
Account value⁽²⁾	\$129,603	\$123,330	\$152,484
VA Separate account returns	6.82%	(5.41)%	4.60%

Brighthouse FINANCIAL (1) See the Appendix for non-GAAP financial information, definitions, and reconciliations. See slide 5 for notable items; (2) In the fourth quarter of 2021, we updated the presentation of Shield Level annuities account value to better reflect the amount available to policyholders. Prior quarter amounts have been revised to conform with this change.

Life insurance

Adjusted earnings, less notable items⁽¹⁾

(\$ in millions)



Highlights

- 37% decrease in sales versus 4Q 2021
- On a quarter-over-quarter basis, results reflect:
 - Lower net investment income and higher DAC amortization
- On a sequential basis, results reflect:
 - Higher DAC amortization and higher expenses
 - Partially offset by higher net investment income

Key metrics

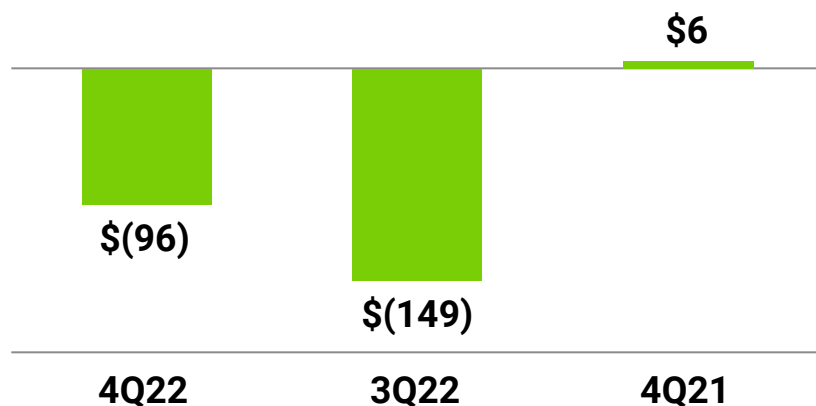
(\$ in millions)	For the Three Months Ended		
	December 31, 2022	September 30, 2022	December 31, 2021
Sales	\$22	\$19	\$35
Account value	\$7,873	\$7,575	\$9,555
Life in-force, net of reinsurance⁽²⁾	\$326,054	\$328,499	\$337,265

Run-off segment and Corporate & Other

Run-off

Adjusted earnings, less notable items⁽¹⁾

(\$ in millions)



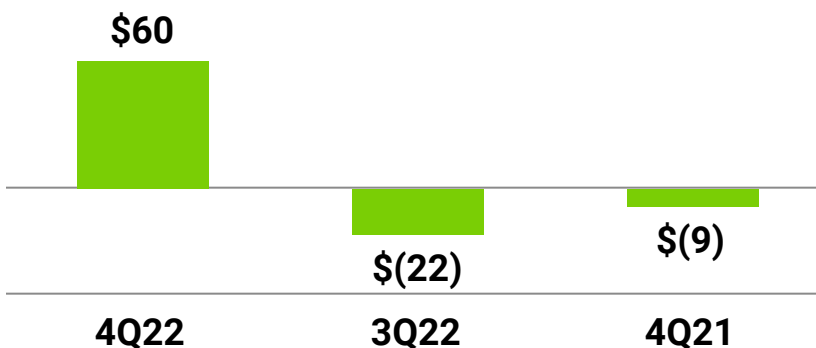
Highlights

- On a quarter-over-quarter basis, results reflect:
 - Lower net investment income
 - Partially offset by a higher underwriting margin and lower expenses
- On a sequential basis, results reflect:
 - Higher net investment income
 - Partially offset by higher expenses

Corporate & Other

Adjusted earnings, less notable items⁽¹⁾

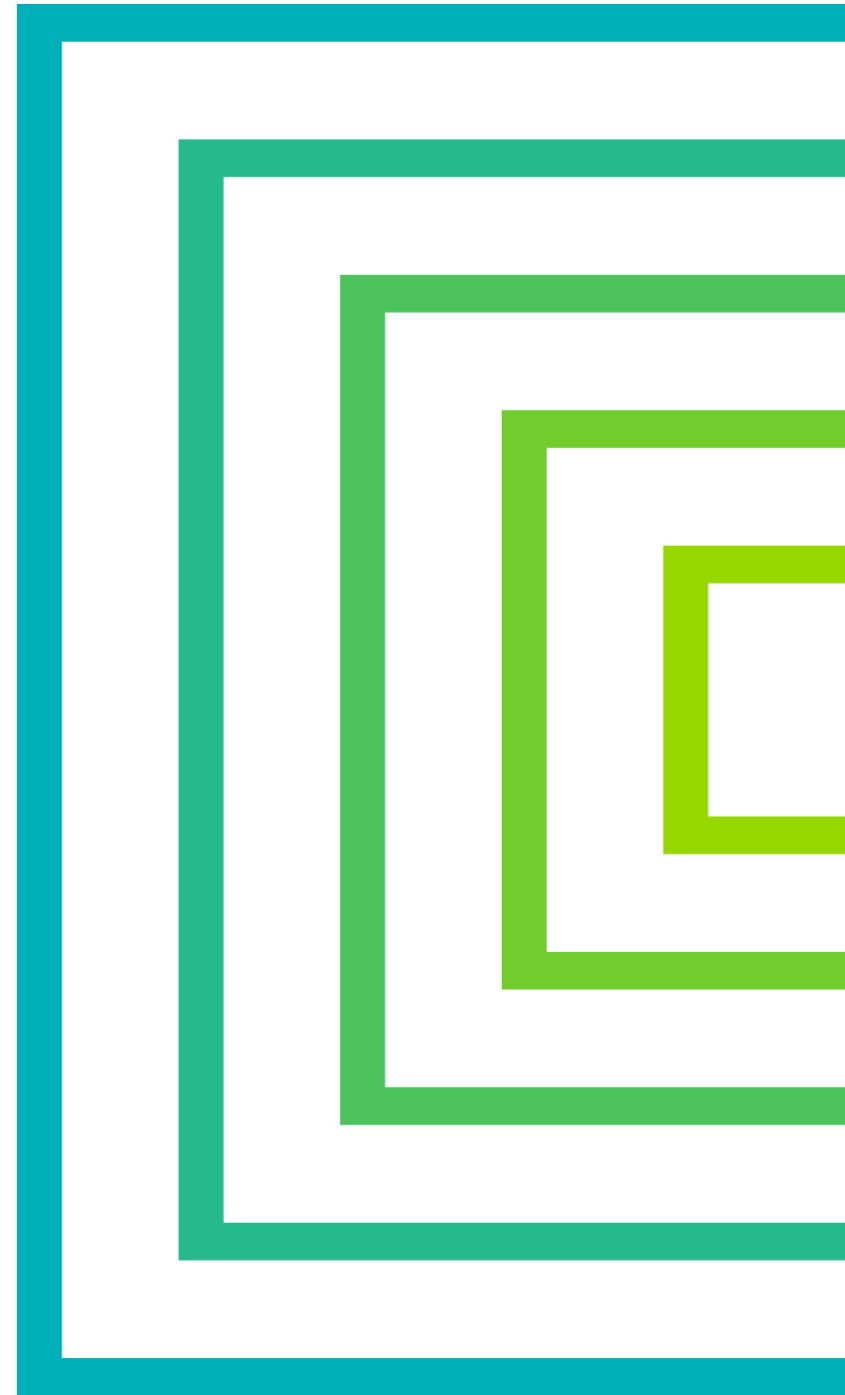
(\$ in millions)



Highlights

- On a quarter-over-quarter basis, results reflect:
 - Lower expenses and higher net investment income
- On a sequential basis, results reflect:
 - Higher tax benefit and lower expenses

Appendix



Non-GAAP and Other Financial Disclosures

Our definitions of non-GAAP and other financial measures may differ from those used by other companies.

Non-GAAP Financial Disclosures

We present certain measures of our performance that are not calculated in accordance with GAAP. We believe that these non-GAAP financial measures enhance the understanding of our performance by the investor community by highlighting the results of operations and the underlying profitability drivers of our business.

The following non-GAAP financial measures, previously referred to as operating measures, should not be viewed as substitutes for the most directly comparable financial measures calculated in accordance with GAAP:

<u>Non-GAAP financial measures:</u>	<u>Most directly comparable GAAP financial measures:</u>
(i) adjusted earnings	(i) net income (loss) available to shareholders (1)
(ii) adjusted earnings, less notable items	(ii) net income (loss) available to shareholders (1)
(iii) adjusted revenues	(iii) revenues
(iv) adjusted expenses	(iv) expenses
(v) adjusted earnings per common share	(v) earnings per common share, diluted (1)
(vi) adjusted earnings per common share, less notable items	(vi) earnings per common share, diluted (1)
(vii) adjusted return on common equity	(vii) return on common equity (2)
(viii) adjusted return on common equity, less notable items	(viii) return on common equity (2)
(ix) adjusted net investment income	(ix) net investment income

(1) Brighthouse uses net income (loss) available to shareholders to refer to net income (loss) available to Brighthouse Financial, Inc.'s common shareholders, and earnings per common share, diluted to refer to net income (loss) available to shareholders per common share.

(2) Brighthouse uses return on common equity to refer to return on Brighthouse Financial, Inc.'s common stockholders' equity.

Reconciliations to the most directly comparable historical GAAP measures are included for those measures which are presented herein. Reconciliations of these non-GAAP financial measures to the most directly comparable GAAP financial measures are not accessible on a forward-looking basis because we believe it is not possible without unreasonable efforts to provide other than a range of net investment gains and losses and net derivative gains and losses, which can fluctuate significantly within or outside the range and from period to period and may have a material impact on net income (loss) available to shareholders.

Adjusted Earnings, Adjusted Revenues and Adjusted Expenses

Adjusted earnings is a financial measure used by management to evaluate performance and facilitate comparisons to industry results. This financial measure, which may be positive or negative, focuses on our primary businesses by excluding the impact of market volatility, which could distort trends.

Non-GAAP and Other Financial Disclosures (Cont.)

Adjusted earnings reflects adjusted revenues less (i) adjusted expenses, (ii) provision for income tax expense (benefit), (iii) net income (loss) attributable to noncontrolling interests and (iv) preferred stock dividends. Provided below are the adjustments to GAAP revenues and GAAP expenses used to calculate adjusted revenues and adjusted expenses, respectively.

The following are significant items excluded from total revenues in calculating the adjusted revenues component of adjusted earnings:

- Net investment gains (losses);
- Net derivative gains (losses) ("NDGL") except earned income and amortization of premium on derivatives that are hedges of investments or that are used to replicate certain investments, but do not qualify for hedge accounting treatment ("Investment Hedge Adjustments"); and
- Certain variable annuity GMIB fees ("GMIB Fees").

The following are significant items excluded from total expenses in calculating the adjusted expenses component of adjusted earnings:

- Amounts associated with benefits related to GMIBs ("GMIB Costs");
- Amounts associated with periodic crediting rate adjustments based on the total return of a contractually referenced pool of assets ("Market Value Adjustments"); and
- Amortization of deferred acquisition costs ("DAC") and value of business acquired ("VOBA") related to (i) net investment gains (losses), (ii) net derivative gains (losses) and (iii) GMIB Fees and GMIB Costs.

The tax impact of the adjustments discussed above is calculated net of the statutory tax rate, which could differ from our effective tax rate.

Consistent with GAAP guidance for segment reporting, adjusted earnings is also our GAAP measure of segment performance.

Adjusted Earnings per Common Share and Adjusted Return on Common Equity

Adjusted earnings per common share and adjusted return on common equity are measures used by management to evaluate the execution of our business strategy and align such strategy with our shareholders' interests.

Adjusted earnings per common share is defined as adjusted earnings for the period divided by the weighted average number of fully diluted shares of common stock outstanding for the period. The weighted average common shares outstanding used to calculate adjusted earnings per share will differ from such shares used to calculate diluted net income (loss) available to shareholders per common share when the inclusion of dilutive shares has an anti-dilutive effect for one calculation but not for the other.

Adjusted return on common equity is defined as total annual adjusted earnings on a four quarter trailing basis, divided by the simple average of the most recent five quarters of total Brighthouse Financial, Inc.'s common stockholders' equity, excluding AOCI.

Non-GAAP and Other Financial Disclosures (Cont.)

Adjusted Net Investment Income

We present adjusted net investment income to measure our performance for management purposes, and we believe it enhances the understanding of our investment portfolio results. Adjusted net investment income represents GAAP net investment income plus Investment Hedge Adjustments.

Other Financial Disclosures

Corporate Expenses

Corporate expenses includes functional department expenses, public company expenses, certain investment expenses, retirement funding and incentive compensation; and excludes establishment costs.

Notable items

Certain of the non-GAAP measures described above may be presented further adjusted to exclude notable items. Notable items reflect the unfavorable (favorable) after-tax impact on our results of certain unanticipated items and events, as well as certain items and events that were anticipated, such as establishment costs. The presentation of notable items and non-GAAP measures, less notable items is intended to help investors better understand our results and to evaluate and forecast those results.

Book Value per Common Share and Book Value per Common Share, excluding AOCI

Brighthouse uses the term “book value” to refer to “Brighthouse Financial, Inc.’s common stockholders’ equity, including AOCI.” Book value per common share is defined as ending Brighthouse Financial, Inc.’s common stockholders’ equity, including AOCI, divided by ending common shares outstanding. Book value per common share, excluding AOCI, is defined as ending Brighthouse Financial, Inc.’s common stockholders’ equity, excluding AOCI, divided by ending common shares outstanding.

CTE98

CTE98 is defined as the amount of assets required to satisfy contract holder obligations across market environments in the average of the worst two percent of a set of capital market scenarios over the life of the contracts.

Holding Company Liquid Assets

Holding company liquid assets include liquid assets in Brighthouse Financial, Inc., Brighthouse Holdings, LLC, and Brighthouse Services, LLC. Liquid assets are comprised of cash and cash equivalents, short-term investments and publicly-traded securities, excluding assets that are pledged or otherwise committed. Assets pledged or otherwise committed include assets held in trust.

Total Adjusted Capital

Total adjusted capital primarily consists of statutory capital and surplus, as well as the statutory asset valuation reserve. When referred to as “combined,” represents that of our insurance subsidiaries as a whole.

Non-GAAP and Other Financial Disclosures (Cont.)

Other Financial Disclosures (cont.)

Sales

Life insurance sales consist of 100 percent of annualized new premium for term life, first-year paid premium for whole life, universal life, and variable universal life, and total paid premium for indexed universal life. We exclude company-sponsored internal exchanges, corporate-owned life insurance, bank-owned life insurance, and private placement variable universal life.

Annuity sales consist of 100 percent of direct statutory premiums, except for fixed index annuity sales, which represents 100 percent of gross sales on directly written business and the proportion of assumed gross sales under reinsurance agreements. Annuity sales exclude certain internal exchanges. These sales statistics do not correspond to revenues under GAAP, but are used as relevant measures of business activity.

Net Investment Income Yield

Similar to adjusted net investment income, we present net investment income yields as a performance measure we believe enhances the understanding of our investment portfolio results. Net investment income yields are calculated on adjusted net investment income as a percentage of average quarterly asset carrying values. Asset carrying values exclude unrealized gains (losses), collateral received in connection with our securities lending program, freestanding derivative assets and collateral received from derivative counterparties. Investment fee and expense yields are calculated as investment fees and expenses as a percentage of average quarterly asset estimated fair values. Asset estimated fair values exclude collateral received in connection with our securities lending program, freestanding derivative assets and collateral received from derivative counterparties.

Normalized Statutory Earnings (Loss)

Normalized statutory earnings (loss) is used by management to measure our insurance companies' ability to pay future distributions and is reflective of whether our hedging program functions as intended. Normalized statutory earnings (loss) is calculated as statutory pre-tax net gain (loss) from operations adjusted for the favorable or unfavorable impacts of (i) net realized capital gains (losses), (ii) the change in total asset requirement at CTE98, net of the change in our variable annuity reserves, and (iii) unrealized gains (losses) associated with our variable annuities and other equity risk management strategies. Normalized statutory earnings (loss) may be further adjusted for certain unanticipated items that impacted our results in order to help management and investors better understand, evaluate and forecast those results.

Risk-Based Capital Ratio

The risk-based capital ratio is a method of measuring an insurance company's capital, taking into consideration its relative size and risk profile, in order to ensure compliance with minimum regulatory capital requirements set by the National Association of Insurance Commissioners. When referred to as "combined," represents that of our insurance subsidiaries as a whole. The reporting of our combined risk-based capital ratio is not intended for the purpose of ranking any insurance company or for use in connection with any marketing, advertising or promotional activities.

Adjusted earnings by segment and Corporate & Other, less notable items

(\$ in millions, post-tax)	For the Three Months Ended			For the Year Ended	
	December 31, 2022	September 30, 2022	December 31, 2021	December 31, 2022	December 31, 2021
Annuities	\$286	\$125	\$390	\$926	\$1,449
Life	\$(20)	\$(7)	\$67	\$22	\$287
Run-off	\$(120)	\$(21)	\$(45)	\$(289)	\$191
Corporate & Other	\$96	\$—	\$(89)	\$(2)	\$(334)
Adjusted earnings⁽¹⁾	\$242	\$97	\$323	\$657	\$1,593

Notable items by segment and Corporate & Other⁽¹⁾

Annuities	\$—	\$45	\$(29)	\$59	\$(71)
Life	\$15	\$5	\$(9)	\$31	\$(12)
Run-off	\$24	\$(128)	\$51	\$94	\$169
Corporate & Other	\$(36)	\$(22)	\$80	\$(37)	\$137
Notable items⁽¹⁾	\$3	\$(100)	\$93	\$147	\$223

Adjusted earnings, less notable items by segment and Corporate & Other⁽¹⁾

Annuities	\$286	\$170	\$361	\$985	\$1,378
Life	\$(5)	\$(2)	\$58	\$53	\$275
Run-off	\$(96)	\$(149)	\$6	\$(195)	\$360
Corporate & Other	\$60	\$(22)	\$(9)	\$(39)	\$(197)
Adjusted earnings, less notable items⁽¹⁾	\$245	\$(3)	\$416	\$804	\$1,816

Brighthouse FINANCIAL[®] (1) See “Non-GAAP and other financial disclosures” and “Reconciliation of net income (loss) to adjusted earnings” in this Appendix. See slide 5 for notable items.

Reconciliation of net income (loss) available to shareholders to adjusted earnings, less notable items and net income (loss) available to shareholders per common share to adjusted earnings, less notable items per common share

(\$ in millions, except per share)	For the Three Months Ended			For the Year Ended	
	December 31, 2022	September 30, 2022	December 31, 2021	December 31, 2022	December 31, 2021
Net income (loss) available to shareholders	\$(967)	\$(702)	\$42	\$(99)	\$(197)
Less: Net investment gains (losses)	(69)	(45)	(23)	(248)	(59)
Less: Net derivative gains (losses), excluding investment hedge adjustments	(1,559)	(439)	(342)	233	(2,490)
Less: GMIB Fees and GMIB Costs	(57)	(336)	89	(538)	203
Less: Amortization of DAC and VOBA	158	(212)	(74)	(489)	74
Less: Market value adjustments and other	(3)	21	(5)	86	9
Less: Provision for income tax (expense) benefit on reconciling adjustments	321	212	74	200	473
Adjusted earnings⁽¹⁾	242	97	323	657	1,593
Less: Notable items	(3)	100	(93)	(147)	(223)
Adjusted earnings, less notable items⁽¹⁾	\$245	\$(3)	\$416	\$804	\$1,816
Net income (loss) available to shareholders per common share⁽²⁾	\$(14.01)	\$(9.82)	\$0.51	\$(1.36)	\$(2.36)
Less: Net investment gains (losses)	(1.00)	(0.63)	(0.29)	(3.40)	(0.70)
Less: Net derivative gains (losses), excluding investment hedge adjustments	(22.58)	(6.14)	(4.26)	3.19	(29.72)
Less: GMIB Fees and GMIB Costs	(0.83)	(4.70)	1.11	(7.37)	2.42
Less: Amortization of DAC and VOBA	2.29	(2.96)	(0.92)	(6.70)	0.88
Less: Market value adjustments and other	(0.04)	0.29	(0.06)	1.18	0.11
Less: Provision for income tax (expense) benefit on reconciling adjustments	4.65	2.96	0.92	2.74	5.65
Less: Impact of inclusion of dilutive shares	0.04	0.01	—	—	0.15
Adjusted earnings per common share⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾	\$3.46	\$1.35	\$4.02	\$8.93	18.86
Less: Notable items	(0.04)	1.39	(1.16)	(2.00)	(2.64)
Adjusted earnings, less notable items per common share⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾	\$3.51	\$(0.04)	\$5.18	\$10.93	\$21.50